Senator Karen Mayne proposes the following substitute bill:

DRIVER LICENSE AND IMPLIED CONSENT
MODIFICATIONS
2019 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne
House Sponsor: Norman K. Thurston
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to a driver license, implied consent to a chemical
test, and driving under the influence.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 amends provisions related to procedures involving law enforcement when an
individual suspected of driving under the influence refuses to submit to a chemical
test;
 amends provisions related to a temporary driver license and the notice given
regarding a temporary driver license and related hearings involving an individual
who refuses to submit to a chemical test;
 extends the time from 30 days to 45 days in which a driver license sanction may be
applied; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:



26	None
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:
28	AMENDS:
29	41-6a-520, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 35
30	41-6a-521, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 181
31	53-3-223, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 417
32	53-3-231, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 417
33	53-3-418, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 35
34	
35	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
36	Section 1. Section 41-6a-520 is amended to read:
37	41-6a-520. Implied consent to chemical tests for alcohol or drug Number of
38	tests Refusal Warning, report.
39	(1) (a) A person operating a motor vehicle in this state is considered to have given the
40	person's consent to a chemical test or tests of the person's breath, blood, urine, or oral fluids for
41	the purpose of determining whether the person was operating or in actual physical control of a
42	motor vehicle while:
43	(i) having a blood or breath alcohol content statutorily prohibited under Section
44	41-6a-502, 41-6a-530, or 53-3-231;
45	(ii) under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or combination of alcohol and any drug
46	under Section 41-6a-502; or
47	(iii) having any measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled
48	substance in the person's body in violation of Section 41-6a-517.
49	(b) A test or tests authorized under this Subsection (1) must be administered at the
50	direction of a peace officer having grounds to believe that person to have been operating or in
51	actual physical control of a motor vehicle while in violation of any provision under Subsections
52	(1)(a)(i) through (iii).
53	(c) (i) The peace officer determines which of the tests are administered and how many
54	of them are administered.
55	(ii) If a peace officer requests more than one test, refusal by a person to take one or
56	more requested tests, even though the person does submit to any other requested test or tests, is

a refusal under this section.

- (d) (i) A person who has been requested under this section to submit to a chemical test or tests of the person's breath, blood, or urine, or oral fluids may not select the test or tests to be administered.
- (ii) The failure or inability of a peace officer to arrange for any specific chemical test is not a defense to taking a test requested by a peace officer, and it is not a defense in any criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding resulting from a person's refusal to submit to the requested test or tests.
- (2) (a) A peace officer requesting a test or tests shall warn a person that refusal to submit to the test or tests may result in revocation of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle, a five or 10 year prohibition of driving with any measurable or detectable amount of alcohol in the person's body depending on the person's prior driving history, and a three-year prohibition of driving without an ignition interlock device if the person:
 - (i) has been placed under arrest;
- (ii) has then been requested by a peace officer to submit to any one or more of the chemical tests under Subsection (1); and
 - (iii) refuses to submit to any chemical test requested.
- (b) (i) Following the warning under Subsection (2)(a), if the person does not immediately request that the chemical test or tests as offered by a peace officer be administered, a peace officer shall, on behalf of the Driver License Division and within 24 hours of the arrest, give notice of the Driver License Division's intention to revoke the person's privilege or license to operate a motor vehicle.
- (ii) When a peace officer gives the notice on behalf of the Driver License Division, the peace officer shall[: (A) take the Utah license certificate or permit, if any, of the operator; (B) issue a temporary license certificate effective for only 29 days from the date of arrest; and (C)] supply to the operator, in a manner specified by the Driver License Division, basic information regarding how to obtain a hearing before the Driver License Division.
- [(c) A citation issued by a peace officer may, if provided in a manner specified by the Driver License Division, also serve as the temporary license certificate.]
- [(d)] (c) As a matter of procedure, the peace officer shall submit a signed report, within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided under Subsection (2)(b), that:

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117118

- 88 (i) the peace officer had grounds to believe the arrested person was in violation of any 89 provision under Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii); and
 - (ii) the person had refused to submit to a chemical test or tests under Subsection (1).
 - (3) Upon the request of the person who was tested, the results of the test or tests shall be made available to the person.
 - (4) (a) The person to be tested may, at the person's own expense, have a physician of the person's own choice administer a chemical test in addition to the test or tests administered at the direction of a peace officer.
 - (b) The failure or inability to obtain the additional test does not affect admissibility of the results of the test or tests taken at the direction of a peace officer, or preclude or delay the test or tests to be taken at the direction of a peace officer.
 - (c) The additional test shall be subsequent to the test or tests administered at the direction of a peace officer.
 - (5) For the purpose of determining whether to submit to a chemical test or tests, the person to be tested does not have the right to consult an attorney or have an attorney, physician, or other person present as a condition for the taking of any test.
 - (6) Notwithstanding the provisions in this section, a blood test taken under this section is subject to Section 77-23-213.
 - Section 2. Section 41-6a-521 is amended to read:

41-6a-521. Revocation hearing for refusal -- Appeal.

- (1) (a) A person who has been notified of the Driver License Division's intention to revoke the person's license under Section 41-6a-520 is entitled to a hearing.
- (b) A request for the hearing shall be made in writing within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided.
- (c) Upon request in a manner specified by the Driver License Division, the Driver License Division shall grant to the person an opportunity to be heard within 29 days after the date of arrest.
- (d) If the person does not make a request for a hearing before the Driver License Division under this Subsection (1), the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in the state is revoked beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest:
 - (i) for a person 21 years of age or older on the date of arrest, for a period of:

149

53-3-231; and

119 (A) 18 months, unless Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) applies; or 120 (B) 36 months, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a 121 previous: 122 (I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the 123 date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or 124 (II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date 125 of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would 126 constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502: 127 (ii) for a person under 21 years of age on the date of arrest: (A) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, 128 129 if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2011, unless Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(B) applies; or 130 (B) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of 36 months, whichever is 131 longer, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a previous: (I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the 132 133 date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or 134 (II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date 135 of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would 136 constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502; or 137 (iii) for a person that was arrested prior to July 1, 2009, for the suspension periods in 138 effect prior to July 1, 2009. 139 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), if a hearing is requested by the person, 140 the hearing shall be conducted by the Driver License Division in: 141 (i) the county in which the offense occurred; or 142 (ii) a county which is adjacent to the county in which the offense occurred. 143 (b) The Driver License Division may hold a hearing in some other county if the Driver 144 License Division and the person both agree. 145 (3) The hearing shall be documented and shall cover the issues of: 146 (a) whether a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe that a person was 147 operating a motor vehicle in violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, 41-6a-530, or

(b) whether the person refused to submit to the test or tests under Section 41-6a-520.

- 1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 68 01-21-19 8:33 AM 150 (4) (a) In connection with the hearing, the division or its authorized agent: (i) may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and 151 152 the production of relevant books and papers; and 153 (ii) shall issue subpoenas for the attendance of necessary peace officers. 154 (b) The Driver License Division shall pay witness fees and mileage from the 155 Transportation Fund in accordance with the rates established in Section 78B-1-119. 156 (5) (a) If after a hearing, the Driver License Division determines that the person was 157 requested to submit to a chemical test or tests and refused to submit to the test or tests, or if the 158 person fails to appear before the Driver License Division as required in the notice, the Driver 159 License Division shall revoke the person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in Utah 160 beginning on the date the hearing is held: 161 (i) for a person 21 years of age or older on the date of arrest, for a period of: 162 (A) 18 months unless Subsection (5)(a)(i)(B) applies; or 163 (B) 36 months, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a previous: 164 165 (I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the 166 date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or 167 (II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date 168 of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would 169 constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502; 170 (ii) for a person under 21 years of age on the date of arrest: 171 (A) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, 172 for an arrest that was made on or after July 1, 2011, and unless Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(B) applies; 173 or (B) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of 36 months, whichever is 174
 - longer, if the arrest was made on or after July 1, 2009, and the person has had a previous:

176

177

178

179

- (I) license sanction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date of arrest under Section 41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-530, 53-3-223, or 53-3-231; or
- (II) conviction for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years from the date of arrest under Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state that would constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502; or

- (iii) for a person that was arrested prior to July 1, 2009, for the revocation periods in effect prior to July 1, 2009.
 - (b) The Driver License Division shall also assess against the person, in addition to any fee imposed under Subsection 53-3-205(12), a fee under Section 53-3-105, which shall be paid before the person's driving privilege is reinstated, to cover administrative costs.
 - (c) The fee shall be cancelled if the person obtains an unappealed court decision following a proceeding allowed under Subsection (2) that the revocation was improper.
 - (6) (a) Any person whose license has been revoked by the Driver License Division under this section following an administrative hearing may seek judicial review.
 - (b) Judicial review of an informal adjudicative proceeding is a trial.
 - (c) Venue is in the district court in the county in which the offense occurred.
 - Section 3. Section **53-3-223** is amended to read:
 - 53-3-223. Chemical test for driving under the influence -- Temporary license -- Hearing and decision -- Suspension and fee -- Judicial review.
 - (1) (a) If a peace officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person may be violating or has violated Section 41-6a-502, prohibiting the operation of a vehicle with a certain blood or breath alcohol concentration and driving under the influence of any drug, alcohol, or combination of a drug and alcohol or while having any measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's body in violation of Section 41-6a-517, the peace officer may, in connection with arresting the person, request that the person submit to a chemical test or tests to be administered in compliance with the standards under Section 41-6a-520.
 - (b) In this section, a reference to Section 41-6a-502 includes any similar local ordinance adopted in compliance with Subsection 41-6a-510(1).
 - (2) The peace officer shall advise a person prior to the person's submission to a chemical test that a test result indicating a violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517 shall, and the existence of a blood alcohol content sufficient to render the person incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle may, result in suspension or revocation of the person's license to drive a motor vehicle.
 - (3) If the person submits to a chemical test and the test results indicate a blood or breath alcohol content in violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, or if a peace officer

213

214

215

216

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233234

235

236

237

238

- makes a determination, based on reasonable grounds, that the person is otherwise in violation of Section 41-6a-502, a peace officer shall, on behalf of the division and within 24 hours of arrest, give notice of the division's intention to suspend the person's license to drive a motor vehicle.
- (4) [(a)] When a peace officer gives notice on behalf of the division, the peace officer shall[: (i) take the Utah license certificate or permit, if any, of the driver; (ii) issue a temporary license certificate effective for only 29 days from the date of arrest; and (iii)] supply to the driver, in a manner specified by the division, basic information regarding how to obtain a prompt hearing before the division.
- [(b) A citation issued by a peace officer may, if provided in a manner specified by the division, also serve as the temporary license certificate.]
- (5) As a matter of procedure, a peace officer shall send to the division within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided:
 - (a) the person's license certificate;
- [(b)] (a) a copy of the citation issued for the offense;
- [(c)] (b) a signed report in a manner specified by the division indicating the chemical test results, if any; and
- [(d)] <u>(c)</u> any other basis for the peace officer's determination that the person has violated Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517.
- (6) (a) Upon request in a manner specified by the division, the division shall grant to the person an opportunity to be heard within 29 days after the date of arrest. The request to be heard shall be made within 10 calendar days of the day on which notice is provided under Subsection (5).
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a hearing, if held, shall be before the division in:
 - (A) the county in which the arrest occurred; or
 - (B) a county that is adjacent to the county in which the arrest occurred.
- 239 (ii) The division may hold a hearing in some other county if the division and the person 240 both agree.
 - (c) The hearing shall be documented and shall cover the issues of:
- 242 (i) whether a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving a

243 motor vehicle in violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517; 244 (ii) whether the person refused to submit to the test; and 245 (iii) the test results, if any. 246 (d) (i) In connection with a hearing the division or its authorized agent: 247 (A) may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and 248 the production of relevant books and papers; or 249 (B) may issue subpoenas for the attendance of necessary peace officers. 250 (ii) The division shall pay witness fees and mileage from the Transportation Fund in 251 accordance with the rates established in Section 78B-1-119. 252 (e) The division may designate one or more employees to conduct the hearing. 253 (f) Any decision made after a hearing before any designated employee is as valid as if 254 made by the division. 255 (7) (a) If, after a hearing, the division determines that a peace officer had reasonable 256 grounds to believe that the person was driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section 257 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, if the person failed to appear before the division as required in the 258 notice, or if a hearing is not requested under this section, the division shall: 259 (i) if the person is 21 years of age or older at the time of arrest and the arrest was made 260 on or after July 1, 2009, suspend the person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle for a 261 period of: (A) 120 days beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a first 262 263 suspension; or 264 (B) two years beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or 265 subsequent suspension for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years; or 266 (ii) if the person is under 21 years of age at the time of arrest and the arrest was made 267 on or after May 14, 2013: 268 (A) suspend the person's license or permit to operate a motor vehicle: 269 (I) for a period of six months, beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest 270 for a first suspension; or 271 (II) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or subsequent suspension 272

for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years; or

278

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299300

301

- (B) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit:
- 275 (I) for a period of six months for a first suspension, if the person has not been issued an operator license; or
 - (II) until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is longer, beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or subsequent suspension for an offense that occurred within the previous 10 years.
 - (b) The division shall deny or suspend a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in effect:
 - (i) prior to July 1, 2009, for an offense that was committed prior to July 1, 2009;
 - (ii) from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if:
 - (A) the person was 20 years 6 months of age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of arrest; and
 - (B) the conviction under Subsection (2) is for an offense that was committed on or after July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011; or
 - (iii) prior to May 14, 2013, for an offense that was committed prior to May 14, 2013.
 - (c) (i) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A), the division shall reinstate a person's license prior to completion of the 120 day suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A):
 - (A) immediately upon receiving written verification of the person's dismissal of a charge for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, if the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension period; or
 - (B) no sooner than 60 days beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest upon receiving written verification of the person's reduction of a charge for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 or 41-6a-517, if the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension period.
 - (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (7)(b), the division shall reinstate a person's license prior to completion of the 120-day suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) immediately upon receiving written verification of the person's conviction of impaired driving under Section 41-6a-502.5 if:
- 303 (A) the written verification is received prior to completion of the suspension period; 304 and

- 305 (B) the reporting court notifies the Driver License Division that the defendant is 306 participating in or has successfully completed the program of a driving under the influence 307 court as defined in Section 41-6a-501. 308 (iii) If a person's license is reinstated under this Subsection (7)(c), the person is 309 required to pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25). 310 (iv) The driver license reinstatements authorized under this Subsection (7)(c) only 311 apply to a 120 day suspension period imposed under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A). 312 (8) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(b)(iii), the division shall 313 shorten a person's two-year license suspension period that is currently in effect to a six-month suspension period if: 314 315 (i) the driver was under the age of 19 at the time of arrest; 316 (ii) the offense was a first offense that was committed prior to May 14, 2013; and 317 (iii) the suspension under Subsection (7)(b)(iii) was based on the same occurrence 318 upon which the following written verifications are based: 319 (A) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 320 41-6a-502 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-509(8); 321 (B) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 322 41-6a-517 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-517(11); 323 (C) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 324 32B-4-409: 325 (D) a dismissal for a violation of Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section 326 32B-4-409; 327 (E) a notice of declination to prosecute for a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section 328 41-6a-517, or Section 32B-4-409; (F) a reduction of a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section 329 330 32B-4-409; or
 - (G) other written documentation acceptable to the division.

332

333

334

- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division may make rules establishing requirements for acceptable written documentation to shorten a person's driver license suspension period under Subsection (8)(a)(iii)(G).
 - (c) If a person's license sanction is shortened under this Subsection (8), the person is

- required to pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25).
- 337 (9) (a) The division shall assess against a person, in addition to any fee imposed under
- 338 Subsection 53-3-205(12) for driving under the influence, a fee under Section 53-3-105 to cover
- administrative costs, which shall be paid before the person's driving privilege is reinstated.
- This fee shall be cancelled if the person obtains an unappealed division hearing or court
- decision that the suspension was not proper.
- 342 (b) A person whose license has been suspended by the division under this section 343 following an administrative hearing may file a petition within 30 days after the suspension for a
- hearing on the matter which, if held, is governed by Section 53-3-224.
- 345 (10) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection (7)(a)(i) or (ii), the division shall
- reinstate a person's license before completion of the suspension period imposed under
- 347 Subsection (7)(a)(i) or (ii) if the reporting court notifies the Driver License Division that the
- defendant is participating in or has successfully completed a 24-7 sobriety program as defined
- 349 in Section 41-6a-515.5.
- 350 (b) If a person's license is reinstated under Subsection (10)(a), the person is required to
- pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25).
- Section 4. Section **53-3-231** is amended to read:
- 53-3-231. Person under 21 may not operate a vehicle or motorboat with
- 354 detectable alcohol in body -- Chemical test procedures -- Temporary license -- Hearing
- 355 and decision -- Suspension of license or operating privilege -- Fees -- Judicial review --
- 356 Referral to local substance abuse authority or program.
- 357 (1) (a) As used in this section:
- (i) "Local substance abuse authority" has the same meaning as provided in Section
- 359 62A-15-102.
- 360 (ii) "Substance abuse program" means any substance abuse program licensed by the
- 361 Department of Human Services or the Department of Health and approved by the local
- 362 substance abuse authority.
- 363 (b) Calculations of blood, breath, or urine alcohol concentration under this section shall
- be made in accordance with the procedures in Subsection 41-6a-502(1).
- 365 (2) (a) A person younger than 21 years of age may not operate or be in actual physical
- 366 control of a vehicle or motorboat with any measurable blood, breath, or urine alcohol

concentration in the person's body as shown by a chemical test.

- (b) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a), in addition to any other applicable penalties arising out of the incident, shall have the person's operator license denied or suspended as provided in Subsection [(8)] (7).
- (3) (a) When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person may be violating or has violated Subsection (2), the peace officer may, in connection with arresting the person for a violation of Section 32B-4-409, request that the person submit to a chemical test or tests to be administered in compliance with the standards under Section 41-6a-520.
- (b) The peace officer shall advise a person prior to the person's submission to a chemical test that a test result indicating a violation of Subsection (2)(a) will result in denial or suspension of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle or a refusal to issue a license.
- (c) If the person submits to a chemical test and the test results indicate a blood, breath, or urine alcohol content in violation of Subsection (2)(a), or if a peace officer makes a determination, based on reasonable grounds, that the person is otherwise in violation of Subsection (2)(a), a peace officer shall, on behalf of the division and within 24 hours of the arrest, give notice of the division's intention to deny or suspend the person's license to operate a vehicle or refusal to issue a license under this section.
- (4) When a peace officer gives notice on behalf of the division, the peace officer shall[: (a) take the Utah license certificate or permit, if any, of the operator; (b) issue a temporary license certificate effective for only 29 days from the date of arrest if the driver had a valid operator's license; and (c)] supply to the operator, in a manner specified by the division, basic information regarding how to obtain a prompt hearing before the division.
- [(5) A citation issued by a peace officer may, if provided in a manner specified by the division, also serve as the temporary license certificate under Subsection (4)(b).]
- [(6)] (5) As a matter of procedure, a peace officer shall send to the division within 10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided:
 - [(a) the person's driver license certificate, if any;]
 - [(b)] (a) a copy of the citation issued for the offense;
- [(c)] (b) a signed report in a manner specified by the Driver License Division indicating the chemical test results, if any; and
- 397 [(d)] (c) any other basis for a peace officer's determination that the person has violated

398	Subsection (2).
399	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> (a) (i) Upon request in a manner specified by the division, the Driver License
400	Division shall grant to the person an opportunity to be heard within 29 days after the date of
401	arrest under Section 32B-4-409.
402	(ii) The request shall be made within 10 calendar days of the day on which notice is
403	provided.
404	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(7)] (6)(b)(ii), a hearing, if held, shall be
405	before the division in:
406	(A) the county in which the arrest occurred; or
407	(B) a county that is adjacent to the county in which the arrest occurred.
408	(ii) The division may hold a hearing in some other county if the division and the person
409	both agree.
410	(c) The hearing shall be documented and shall cover the issues of:
411	(i) whether a peace officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was operating
412	a motor vehicle or motorboat in violation of Subsection (2)(a);
413	(ii) whether the person refused to submit to the test; and
414	(iii) the test results, if any.
415	(d) In connection with a hearing, the division or its authorized agent may administer
416	oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant
417	books and papers and records as defined in Section 46-4-102.
418	(e) One or more members of the division may conduct the hearing.
419	(f) Any decision made after a hearing before any number of the members of the
420	division is as valid as if made after a hearing before the full membership of the division.
421	[(8)] (7) If, after a hearing, the division determines that a peace officer had reasonable
422	grounds to believe that the person was driving a motor vehicle in violation of Subsection (2)(a),
423	if the person fails to appear before the division as required in the notice, or if the person does
424	not request a hearing under this section, the division shall for a person under 21 years of age on
425	the date of arrest:
426	(a) deny the person's license until the person complies with Subsection $[\frac{(12)}{(11)}]$ (11)(b)(i)

but for a period of not less than six months beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of

arrest for a first offense under Subsection (2)(a) committed on or after May 14, 2013;

429	(b) suspend the person's license until the person complies with Subsection $[\frac{(12)}{(12)}]$
430	(11)(b)(i) and until the person is 21 years of age or for a period of two years, whichever is
431	longer, beginning on the [30th] 45th day after the date of arrest for a second or subsequent
432	offense under Subsection (2)(a) committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within 10 years of a
433	prior denial or suspension;
434	(c) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person
435	complies with Subsection $[(12)]$ (11) (b)(i) but for a period of not less than six months if:
436	(i) the person has not been issued an operator license; and
437	(ii) the suspension is for a first offense under Subsection (2)(a) committed on or after
438	July 1, 2009;
439	(d) deny the person's application for a license or learner's permit until the person
440	complies with Subsection $[(12)]$ (11) (b)(i) and until the person is 21 years of age or for a period
441	of two years, whichever is longer, if:
442	(i) the person has not been issued an operator license; and
443	(ii) the suspension is for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (2)(a)
444	committed on or after July 1, 2009, and within 10 years of a prior denial or suspension; or
445	(e) deny or suspend a person's license for the denial and suspension periods in effect:
446	(i) prior to July 1, 2009, for a violation under Subsection (2)(a) that was committed
447	prior to July 1, 2009;
448	(ii) from July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, if the person was 20 years 6 months of
449	age or older but under 21 years of age at the time of arrest and the conviction under Subsection
450	(2) is for an offense that was committed on or after July 1, 2009, and prior to July 1, 2011; or
451	(iii) prior to May 14, 2013, for a violation under Subsection (2)(a) that was committed
452	prior to May 14, 2013.
453	[(9)] (8) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions in Subsection $[(8)]$ (7)(e)(iii), the division
454	shall shorten a person's one-year license suspension or denial period that is currently in effect
455	to a six-month suspension or denial period if:
456	(i) the driver was under the age of 19 at the time of arrest;
457	(ii) the offense was a first offense that was committed prior to May 14, 2013; and
458	(iii) the suspension or denial under Subsection [(8)] (7)(e)(iii) was based on the same
459	occurrence upon which the following written verifications are based:

1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 68

472

473

474

475

476

477

478

479

480

481

482

483

484

485

486

487

488

489

- 460 (A) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 41-6a-502 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-509(8);
- 462 (B) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 463 41-6a-517 pursuant to Subsection 41-6a-517(11);
- 464 (C) a court order shortening the driver license suspension for a violation of Section 465 32B-4-409;
- 466 (D) a dismissal for a violation of Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section 467 32B-4-409:
- 468 (E) a notice of declination to prosecute for a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section 32B-4-409;
- 470 (F) a reduction of a charge under Section 41-6a-502, Section 41-6a-517, or Section 471 32B-4-409; or
 - (G) other written documentation acceptable to the division.
 - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division may make rules establishing requirements for acceptable documentation to shorten a person's driver license suspension or denial period under this Subsection [(9)] (8).
 - (c) If a person's license sanction is shortened under this Subsection [(9)] (8), the person is required to pay the license reinstatement fees under Subsections 53-3-105(24) and (25).
 - [(10)] (9) (a) (i) Following denial or suspension the division shall assess against a person, in addition to any fee imposed under Subsection 53-3-205(12), a fee under Section 53-3-105, which shall be paid before the person's driving privilege is reinstated, to cover administrative costs.
 - (ii) This fee shall be canceled if the person obtains an unappealed division hearing or court decision that the suspension was not proper.
 - (b) A person whose operator license has been denied, suspended, or postponed by the division under this section following an administrative hearing may file a petition within 30 days after the suspension for a hearing on the matter which, if held, is governed by Section 53-3-224.
 - [(11)] (10) After reinstatement of an operator license for a first offense under this section, a report authorized under Section 53-3-104 may not contain evidence of the denial or suspension of the person's operator license under this section if the person has not been

authority.

491	convicted of any other offense for which the denial or suspension may be extended.
492	[(12)] (11) (a) In addition to the penalties in Subsection $[(8)]$ (9), a person who violates
493	Subsection (2)(a) shall:
494	(i) obtain an assessment and recommendation for appropriate action from a substance
495	abuse program, but any associated costs shall be the person's responsibility; or
496	(ii) be referred by the division to the local substance abuse authority for an assessment
497	and recommendation for appropriate action.
498	(b) (i) Reinstatement of the person's operator license or the right to obtain an operator
499	license within five years of the effective date of the license sanction under Subsection [(8)] (7)
500	is contingent upon successful completion of the action recommended by the local substance
501	abuse authority or the substance abuse program.
502	(ii) The local substance abuse authority's or the substance abuse program's
503	recommended action shall be determined by an assessment of the person's alcohol abuse and
504	may include:
505	(A) a targeted education and prevention program;
506	(B) an early intervention program; or
507	(C) a substance abuse treatment program.
508	(iii) Successful completion of the recommended action shall be determined by
509	standards established by the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health.
510	(c) At the conclusion of the penalty period imposed under Subsection (2), the local
511	substance abuse authority or the substance abuse program shall notify the division of the
512	person's status regarding completion of the recommended action.
513	(d) The local substance abuse authorities and the substance abuse programs shall
514	cooperate with the division in:
515	(i) conducting the assessments;
516	(ii) making appropriate recommendations for action; and
517	(iii) notifying the division about the person's status regarding completion of the
518	recommended action.
519	(e) (i) The local substance abuse authority is responsible for the cost of the assessment
520	of the person's alcohol abuse, if the assessment is conducted by the local substance abuse

550

551

- 522 (ii) The local substance abuse authority or a substance abuse program selected by a 523 person is responsible for: 524 (A) conducting an assessment of the person's alcohol abuse; and 525 (B) for making a referral to an appropriate program on the basis of the findings of the 526 assessment. 527 (iii) (A) The person who violated Subsection (2)(a) is responsible for all costs and fees 528 associated with the recommended program to which the person selected or is referred. 529 (B) The costs and fees under Subsection [(12)] (11)(e)(iii)(A) shall be based on a 530 sliding scale consistent with the local substance abuse authority's policies and practices 531 regarding fees for services or determined by the substance abuse program. 532 Section 5. Section **53-3-418** is amended to read: 533 53-3-418. Prohibited alcohol level for drivers -- Procedures, including hearing. 534 (1) A person who holds or is required to hold a CDL may not drive a commercial 535 motor vehicle in this state if the person: 536 (a) has sufficient alcohol in the person's body that a subsequent chemical test shows 537 that the person has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .04 grams or greater at the time 538 of the test after the alleged driving of the commercial motor vehicle; 539 (b) is under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol 540 and any drug to degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a commercial motor 541 vehicle; or 542 (c) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .04 grams or greater at the time of 543 driving the commercial motor vehicle. (2) A person who holds or is required to hold a CDL and who drives a commercial 544 545 motor vehicle in this state is considered to have given the person's consent to a test or tests of 546 the person's blood, breath, or urine to determine the concentration of alcohol or the presence of 547 other drugs in the person's physical system. (3) If a peace officer or port-of-entry agent has reasonable cause to believe that a 548
 - person may be violating this section, the peace officer or port-of-entry agent may request the person to submit to a chemical test to be administered in compliance with Section 41-6a-515.
 - (4) When a peace officer or port-of-entry agent requests a person to submit to a test under this section, the peace officer or port-of-entry agent shall advise the person that test

553	results indicating a violation of Subsection (1) or refusal to submit to any test requested will
554	result in the person's disqualification under Section 53-3-414 from driving a commercial motor
555	vehicle.
556	(5) If test results under this section indicate a violation of Subsection (1) or the person
557	refuses to submit to any test requested under this section, a peace officer or port-of-entry agent
558	shall, on behalf of the division and within 24 hours of the arrest, give the person notice of the
559	division's intention to disqualify the person's privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle.
560	(6) When a peace officer or port-of-entry agent gives notice under Subsection (5), the
561	peace officer or port-of-entry agent shall:
562	[(a) take any Utah license certificate or permit held by the driver;]
563	[(b) issue to the driver a temporary license certificate effective for 29 days from the
564	date of arrest;]
565	[(c)] (a) provide the driver, in a manner specified by the division, basic information
566	regarding how to obtain a prompt hearing before the division; and
567	[(d)] <u>(b)</u> issue a 24-hour out-of-service order.
568	[(7) A notice of disqualification issued under Subsection (6) may serve also as the
569	temporary license certificate under Subsection (6), if provided in a manner specified by the
570	division.]
571	[(8)] (7) As a matter of procedure, a peace officer or port-of-entry agent shall, within
572	10 calendar days after the day on which notice is provided, send to the division [the person's
573	license certificate,] a copy of the notice, and a report signed by the peace officer or
574	port-of-entry agent that indicates the results of any chemical test administered or that the
575	person refused a test.
576	[(9)] (8) (a) A person disqualified under this section has the right to a hearing regarding
577	the disqualification.
578	(b) The request for the hearing shall be submitted to the division in a manner specified
579	by the division and shall be made within 10 calendar days of the date the notice was issued. If
580	requested, the hearing shall be conducted within 29 days after the date of arrest.
581	[(10)] (9) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(10)] (9)(a)(ii), a hearing held under
582	this section shall be held before the division and in:
583	(A) the county where the notice was issued; or

614

driving privilege is reinstated.

584 (B) a county that is adjacent to the county where the notice was issued. 585 (ii) The division may hold a hearing in some other county if the division and the person 586 both agree. 587 (b) The hearing shall be documented and shall determine: 588 (i) whether the peace officer or port-of-entry agent had reasonable grounds to believe 589 the person had been driving a motor vehicle in violation of this section; 590 (ii) whether the person refused to submit to any requested test; and 591 (iii) any test results obtained. 592 (c) In connection with a hearing the division or its authorized agent may administer 593 oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant 594 books and documents. 595 (d) One or more members of the division may conduct the hearing. 596 (e) A decision made after a hearing before any number of members of the division is as 597 valid as if the hearing were held before the full membership of the division. 598 (f) After a hearing under this section the division shall indicate by order if the person's 599 CDL is disqualified. 600 (g) If the person for whom the hearing is held fails to appear before the division as 601 required in the notice, the division shall indicate by order if the person's CDL is disqualified. 602 [(11)] (10) (a) If the division disqualifies a person under this section following an 603 administrative hearing, the person may petition for a hearing under Section 53-3-224. 604 (b) The petition shall be filed within 30 days after the division issues the 605 disqualification. 606 [(12)] (11) (a) A person who violates this section shall be punished in accordance with 607 Section 53-3-414. 608 (b) (i) In accordance with Section 53-3-414, the first disqualification under this section 609 shall be for one year, and a second disqualification shall be for life. 610 (ii) A disqualification under Section 53-3-414 begins on the [30th] 45th day after the 611 date of arrest. 612 [(13)] (12) (a) In addition to the fees imposed under Section 53-3-205 for reinstatement

of a CDL, a fee under Section 53-3-105 to cover administrative costs shall be paid before the

01-21-19 8:33 AM

1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 68

615	(b) The fees under Sections 53-3-105 and 53-3-205 shall be canceled if an unappealed
616	hearing at the division or court level determines the disqualification was not proper.
617	[(14)] (13) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a blood test taken under this
618	section is subject to Section 77-23-213.